

# THz Quantum cascade lasers: from FM combs to pulses and back

Giacomo Scalari

*Institute for Quantum Electronics, Department of Physics, ETH Zürich, Switzerland*

Recently, quantum cascade laser (QCL) proved to be an extremely interesting platform for frequency combs both in Mid-IR and THz frequency ranges [1,2]. The fast gain recovery time and the strong intrinsic non-linearity enable the locking of the modes with non-trivial relative phases giving rise to FM states [3,4]. I will discuss some peculiar aspects of these devices arising from the combination of ultrafast gain, strong RF modulation and different kind of cavities. The THz QCLs are capable of octave-spanning operation [5] and operate in ultra-broadband metallic waveguides and this offers the opportunity to fully exploit the hybridization with microwave technology. I will discuss an integrated photonic platform we recently developed based on active and passive elements integrated in a double-metal, high confinement waveguide layout planarized with a low-loss polymer [6]. An extended top metallization keeps waveguide losses low while improving dispersion, thermal and RF properties. Free-running on-chip quantum cascade laser combs spanning 800 GHz at 3 THz, harmonic states with over 1.1 THz bandwidth and RF-injected broadband incoherent states spanning over nearly 1.6 THz are observed using a homogeneous quantum-cascade active core. With a strong external RF drive, actively mode-locked pulses as short as 4.4 ps can be obtained. Despite the ultrafast nature of the gain medium, by properly engineering dispersion we demonstrate dissipative Kerr solitons both in Mid-IR and THz, with pulse durations of 3.7 ps in the Mid-IR and 10 ps in the THz [7]. Then, by RF modulating a circular cavity, we demonstrate a quantum walk comb in synthetic frequency space. The initially ballistic quantum walk does not dissipate into low supermode states of the synthetic lattice; instead, the state stabilizes in a broadband frequency comb, unlocking the full potential of the synthetic frequency lattice. Combs as broad as  $100\text{ cm}^{-1}$  in the Mid-IR with flat top profile are reported [8]; I will discuss some preliminary quantum walk results in the THz range.

[1] A Hugi, G Villares, S Blaser, HC Liu, J Faist, *Nature* 492 (7428), 229 (2012)

[2] D Burghoff, TY Kao, N Han, CWI Chan, X Cai, Y Yang, DJ Hayton, JR Gao, J. Reno, Q. Hu, *Nature Photonics* 8 (6), 462 (2014)

[3] N. Opačak, B Schwarz, *Physical Review Letters* 123 (24), 243902 (2019)

[4] D. Burghoff, *Optica* 7 (12), 1781 (2020)

[5] M Rösch, G Scalari, M Beck, J Faist, *Nature Photonics* 9 (1), 42 (2015)

[6] U Senica, A Forrer, T Olariu, P Micheletti, S Cibella, G Torrioli, M Beck, J. Faist, G. Scalari, *Light: Science & Applications* 11 (1), 347 (2022)

[7] P Micheletti, U Senica, A Forrer, S Cibella, G Torrioli, M Frankié, M Beck, J. Faist, G. Scalari, *Science Advances* 9 (24), eadf9426 (2023)

[8] I Heckelmann, M Bertrand, A Dikopoltsev, M Beck, G Scalari, J Faist, *Science* 382 (6669), 434 (2023)